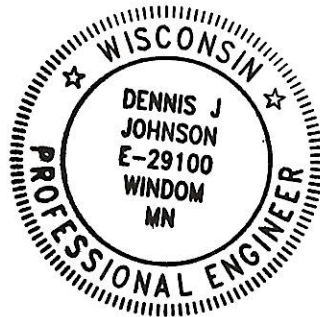


DESIGN CALCULATIONS FOR GRUBER LIVESTOCK SOUTH GDU BARN





Johnson Engineering Group
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Windom, MN 56101
507-832-8450

Project

Gruber Livestock South GDU

Job no.

0169-01B

Calcs for

Exterior Pit Wall Footing

Start page no./Revision

1

Calcs by

MPJ

Calcs date

7/22/2025

Checked by

DJJ

Checked date

7/22/2025

Approved by

DJJ

Approved date

7/22/2025

FOOTING ANALYSIS

In accordance with ACI318: See attachment for additional ACI-350 Reinforcement Requirements if they differ from those in ACI-318

Tedds calculation version 3.3.11

Summary results

Overall design status; PASS;

Overall design utilisation; 0.957

| Description | Unit | Applied | Resisting | FoS | Result |
|---------------------|------|---------|-----------|-------------|--------|
| Uplift verification | kips | 2.9 | | | Pass |
| Description | Unit | Applied | Resisting | Utilization | Result |
| Soil bearing | ksf | 1.435 | 1.5 | 0.957 | Pass |

Strip footing details - considering a one foot strip

Length of footing; $L_x = 1$ ft

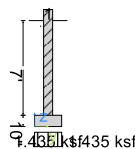
Width of footing; $L_y = 2$ ft

Footing area; $A = L_x \times L_y = 2$ ft²

Depth of footing; $h = 10$ in

Depth of soil over footing; $h_{\text{soil}} = 84$ in

Density of concrete; $\gamma_{\text{conc}} = 150.0$ lb/ft³



Wall no.1 details

Width of wall; $l_{y1} = 8$ in

position in y-axis; $y_1 = 12$ in



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| Calcs by | Calcs date | Checked by | Checked date | Approved by | Approved date |
| MPJ | 7/22/2025 | DJJ | 7/22/2025 | DJJ | 7/22/2025 |

Soil properties

Gross allowable bearing pressure;

$$Q_{\text{allow_Gross}} = 1.5 \text{ ksf};$$

Density of soil;

$$\gamma_{\text{soil}} = 115.0 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

Angle of internal friction;

$$\phi_b = 30.0 \text{ deg}$$

Design base friction angle;

$$\delta_{bb} = 30.0 \text{ deg}$$

Coefficient of base friction;

$$\tan(\delta_{bb}) = 0.577$$

Footing loads

Self weight;

$$F_{\text{swt}} = h \times \gamma_{\text{conc}} = 125 \text{ psf}$$

Soil weight;

$$F_{\text{soil}} = h_{\text{soil}} \times \gamma_{\text{soil}} = 805 \text{ psf}$$

Wall no.1 loads per linear foot

Dead load in z;

$$F_{Dz1} = 0.8 \text{ kips}$$

Live load in z;

$$F_{Lz1} = 0.3 \text{ kips}$$

Live roof load in z;

$$F_{Lr1} = 0.5 \text{ kips}$$

Snow load in z;

$$F_{Sz1} = 0.5 \text{ kips}$$

Footing analysis for soil and stability

Load combinations per ASCE 7-16

1.0D (0.708)

1.0D + 1.0L (0.791)

1.0D + 1.0Lr (0.874)

1.0D + 1.0S (0.862)

1.0D + 1.0R (0.708)

1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75Lr (0.895)

1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75S (0.886)

1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75R (0.770)

1.0D + 0.6W (0.708)

(1.0 + 0.14 × S_{DS})D + 0.7E (0.807)

1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75Lr + 0.45W (0.895)

1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75S + 0.45W (0.886)

1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75R + 0.45W (0.770)

(1.0 + 0.10 × S_{DS})D + 0.75L + 0.75S + 0.525E (0.957)

0.6D + 0.6W (0.425)

(0.6 - 0.14 × S_{DS})D + 0.7E (0.326)

Combination 14 results: (1.0 + 0.10 × S_{DS})D + 0.75L + 0.75S + 0.525E

Forces on footing per linear foot

Force in z-axis;

$$F_{dz} = \gamma_D \times A \times (F_{\text{swt}} + F_{\text{soil}}) + \gamma_D \times (F_{Dz1} - l_{x1} \times l_{y1} \times h_{\text{soil}} \times \gamma_{\text{soil}}) + \gamma_L \times F_{Lz1} + \gamma_S \times F_{Sz1} = 2.9 \text{ kips}$$

Moments on footing per linear foot

Moment in y-axis, about y is 0;

$$M_{dy} = \gamma_D \times (A \times (F_{\text{swt}} + F_{\text{soil}}) \times L_y / 2) + \gamma_D \times (((F_{Dz1} - l_{x1} \times l_{y1} \times h_{\text{soil}} \times \gamma_{\text{soil}})) \times y_1) + \gamma_L \times (F_{Lz1} \times y_1) + \gamma_S \times (F_{Sz1} \times y_1) = 2.9 \text{ kip_ft}$$

Uplift verification

Vertical force;

$$F_{dz} = 2.87 \text{ kips}$$



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PASS - Footing is not subject to uplift

Stability against sliding

Resistance due to base friction;

$$F_{R\text{Friction}} = \max(F_{dz}, 0 \text{ kN}) \times \tan(\delta_{bb}) = \mathbf{1.657 \text{ kips}}$$

Bearing resistance

Eccentricity of base reaction

Eccentricity of base reaction in y-axis;

$$e_{dy} = M_{dy} / F_{dz} - L_y / 2 = \mathbf{0.000 \text{ in}}$$

Strip base pressures

$$q_1 = F_{dz} \times (1 - 6 \times e_{dy} / L_y) / (L_y \times 1 \text{ ft}) = \mathbf{1.435 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$q_2 = F_{dz} \times (1 + 6 \times e_{dy} / L_y) / (L_y \times 1 \text{ ft}) = \mathbf{1.435 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$q_{\min} = \min(q_1, q_2) = \mathbf{1.435 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$q_{\max} = \max(q_1, q_2) = \mathbf{1.435 \text{ ksf}}$$

Minimum base pressure;

Maximum base pressure;

Allowable bearing capacity

Allowable bearing capacity;

$$Q_{\text{allow}} = Q_{\text{allow_Gross}} = \mathbf{1.5 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$Q_{\max} / Q_{\text{allow}} = \mathbf{0.957}$$

PASS - Allowable bearing capacity exceeds design base pressure

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RC WALL DESIGN

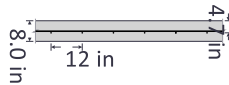
In accordance with ACI 318-14: See attachment for additional ACI-350 Reinforcement Requirements if they differ from those in ACI-318

Tedds calculation version 1.2.08

Design summary

Overall design status; PASS

| Description | Unit | Required | Provided | Utilization | Result |
|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|-------------|--------|
| Axial | kips/ft | 1.9 | 3.9 | 0.480 | PASS |
| Euler load | kips/ft | 1.9 | 104.0 | 0.018 | PASS |
| Moment | kip ft/ft | 3.9 | 7.3 | 0.534 | PASS |
| Shear | kips/ft | 2.6 | 5.2 | 0.496 | PASS |



Geometry of wall

Depth of wall; $h = 8.00$ in
Clear cover to reinforcement (both sides); $c_c = 3.00$ in
Unsupported height of wall; $l_u = 96.0$ in
Effective height factor; $k = 2.00$

Reinforcement of wall

Numbers of reinforcement layers; $N_l = 1$
Vertical steel bar diameter number; $D_{ver_num} = 5$
Spacing of vertical steel; $s_v = 12.00$ in
Diameter of vertical steel bar; $D_{ver} = 0.625$ in
Horizontal steel bar diameter number; $D_{hor_num} = 5$
Spacing of horizontal steel; $s_h = 7.00$ in
Diameter of horizontal bar; $D_{hor} = 0.625$ in
Specified yield strength of reinforcement; $f_y = 60000$ psi
Specified compressive strength of concrete; $f'_c = 4000$ psi
Modulus of elasticity of bar reinforcement; $E_s = 29 \times 10^6$ psi
Modulus of elasticity of concrete; $E_c = 57000 \times f'_c^{1/2} \times (1\text{psi})^{1/2} = 3604997$ psi
Ultimate design strain; $\epsilon_c = 0.003$ in/in
Compression-controlled strain limit; $\epsilon_{ty} = 0.002$

Check for minimum area of vertical steel of single layer reinforcement wall to cl. 11.6.1

Gross area of wall per running foot length; $A_g = h \times 12\text{in} = 96.000$ in²
Numbers of vertical bars per running foot length; $N_v = 12\text{in}/s_v = 1.000$
Area of vertical steel per running foot length; $A_{st_v} = N_v \times (\pi \times D_{ver}^2) / 4 = 0.307$ in²



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Minimum area of vertical steel required;

$$A_{st_v_min} = 0.115 \text{ in}^2$$

PASS- Minimum vertical steel check

Check for minimum area of horizontal steel of single layer reinforcement wall to cl. 11.6.1

Gross area of wall per running foot height;

$$A_g = h \times 12 \text{ in} = 96.000 \text{ in}^2$$

Numbers of horizontal bar per running foot height;

$$N_h = 12 \text{ in} / s_h = 1.714$$

Area of horizontal steel per running foot height;

$$A_{st_h} = N_h \times (\pi \times D_{hor}^2) / 4 = 0.526 \text{ in}^2$$

Minimum area of horizontal steel required;

$$A_{st_h_min} = 0.192 \text{ in}^2$$

PASS- Minimum horizontal steel check

Braced wall slenderness check to 6.2.5

Permissible slenderness ratio;

$$S_{r_perm} = \min(34 + 12 \times (M_{1_act} / M_{2_act}), 40) = 40.0$$

Radius of gyration;

$$r_{min} = 0.3 \times h = 2.40 \text{ in}$$

Actual slenderness ratio;

$$S_{r_act} = k \times l_u / r_{min} = 80.00$$

Wall is braced slender wall

Design loads and moments for wall subjected to shear, axial load and bending

Ultimate axial force per running foot;

$$P_{u_act} = 1.88 \text{ kips/ft}$$

Ultimate large end moment per running foot;

$$M_{2_act} = 3.90 \text{ kips_ft/ft}$$

Ultimate small end moment per running foot;

$$M_{1_act} = 3.90 \text{ kips_ft/ft}$$

Ultimate shear force per running foot;

$$V_{u_act} = 2.60 \text{ kips/ft}$$

Ratio of DL moment to total moment;

$$\beta_d = 0.900$$

Magnified moment for braced slender wall to 6.6.4

Moment of inertia of section;

$$I_g = (12 \text{ in} \times h^3) / 12 = 512.000 \text{ in}^4$$

Euler's buckling load;

$$P_c = (\pi^2 \times 0.4 \times E_c \times I_g) / ((1 + \beta_d) \times (k \times l_u)^2 \times 1 \text{ ft}) = 104.035 \text{ kips/ft}$$

PASS - Euler's buckling load exceeds ultimate axial force

Correction factor for actual to equiv. mmt. diagram;

$$C_m = 0.6 - (0.4 \times M_{1_act} / M_{2_act}) = 0.200$$

Moment magnifier;

$$\delta_{ns} = \max(1.0, C_m / (1 - (P_{u_act} / (0.75 \times P_c)))) = 1.000$$

Minimum uniaxial moment for slender section;

$$M_{2_min} = P_{u_act} \times (0.6 \text{ in} + 0.03 \times h) = 0.132 \text{ kip_ft/ft}$$

Magnified uniaxial moment;

$$M_c = \delta_{ns} \times \max(M_{2_min}, M_{2_act}) = 3.900 \text{ kip_ft/ft}$$

layer reinforcement wall subjected to bending

c/d_t ratio;

$$r = 0.140$$

Effective cover to reinforcement;

$$d' = c_c + (D_{ver} / 2) = 3.312 \text{ in}$$

Depth of tension steel;

$$d_t = h - d' = 4.688 \text{ in}$$

Depth of NA from extreme compression face;

$$c = r \times d_t = 0.656 \text{ in}$$

Factor of depth of compressive stress block;

$$\beta_1 = 0.850$$

Depth of equivalent rectangular stress block;

$$a = \min((\beta_1 \times c), h) = 0.558 \text{ in}$$

Strain in 'tension' reinforcement;

$$\epsilon_s = \epsilon_c \times (1 - d_t / c) = -0.018429$$

f_s Stress in 'tension' reinforcement;

$$f_s = \max(E_s \times \epsilon_s, -f_y) = -60000.0; \text{ psi}$$

Compression force in concrete;

$$C_c = 0.85 \times f'_c \times a \times 12 \text{ in/1ft} = 22.759 \text{ kips/ft}$$

Area of vertical tension steel per running foot;

$$A_s = A_{st_v} = 0.307 \text{ in}^2$$

Force in 'tension' steel;

$$T_s = A_s \times f_s / 1 \text{ ft} = -18.408 \text{ kips/ft}$$

Nominal axial load strength;

$$P_n = C_c + T_s = 4.351 \text{ kips/ft}$$

Strength reduction factor;

$$\phi = 0.9 = 0.9$$

Ultimate axial load carrying capacity of wall;

$$P_u = \phi \times P_n = 3.916 \text{ kips/ft}$$



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Check for axial load capacity of wall

PASS- Wall is safe in axial loading

Bending capacity of single layer reinforcement wall

Centroid of wall; $y = h \times 0.5 = 4.000$ in
Nominal moment strength; $M_n = C_c \times (y - 0.5 \times a) - T_s \times (d_t - y) = 8.112$ kip_ft/ft
Ultimate moment strength capacity of wall; $M_u = \phi \times M_n = 7.301$ kip_ft/ft

Check for uniaxial bending capacity of wall

Wall is safe for bending

Check for shear capacity of wall subjected to shear, axial load and bending cl. 22.5

Strength reduction factor; $\phi_v = 0.75$
Effective cover to reinforcement; $d' = c_c + (D_{ver}/2) = 3.312$ in
Depth of tension steel; $d_t = h - d' = 4.688$ in
Factored moment for axial compression; $M_m = M_{2_act} - (P_{u_act} \times ((4 \times h) - d_t) / (8 \times 12in) \times 1ft) = 3.365$ kips_ft/ft
Shear force capacity of wall; $V_{c1} = ((1.9 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c \times 1psi}) \times d_t \times 12in) / 1ft + (2500 psi \times A_s / 1 ft \times \min(1, (V_{u_act} \times d_t / M_m))) = 6.991$ kips/ft
Maximum shear force resisting capacity of wall; $V_{max} = (3.5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c \times 1psi}) \times h \times 12in \times \sqrt{(1kips / ft^3 + P_{u_act} / (500 \times A_g))} \times \sqrt{(1ft / 1kips)} = 21.310$ kips/ft
Shear force resisting capacity of wall; $\phi V_c = \phi_v \times \min(V_{c1}, V_{max}) = 5.243$ kips/ft;

PASS- Wall is safe in shear force



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FOOTING ANALYSIS

In accordance with ACI318: See attachment for additional ACI-350 Reinforcement Requirements if they differ from those in ACI-318

Tedds calculation version 3.3.11

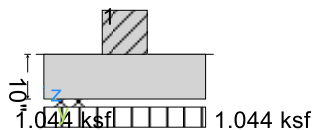
Summary results

Overall design status; PASS;
Overall design utilisation; 0.696

| Description | Unit | Applied | Resisting | FoS | Result |
|---------------------|------|---------|-----------|-------------|--------|
| Uplift verification | kips | 3.1 | | | Pass |
| Description | Unit | Applied | Resisting | Utilization | Result |
| Soil bearing | ksf | 1.044 | 1.5 | 0.696 | Pass |

Strip footing details - considering a one foot strip

Length of footing; $L_x = 1$ ft
Width of footing; $L_y = 3$ ft
Footing area; $A = L_x \times L_y = 3$ ft²
Depth of footing; $h = 10$ in
Depth of soil over footing; $h_{\text{soil}} = 0$ in
Density of concrete; $\gamma_{\text{conc}} = 150.0$ lb/ft³



Wall no.1 details

Width of wall; $l_{y1} = 10$ in
position in y-axis; $y_1 = 18$ in



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Soil properties

Gross allowable bearing pressure; $Q_{allow_Gross} = 1.5$ ksf;
Density of soil; $\gamma_{soil} = 65.0$ lb/ft³
Angle of internal friction; $\phi_b = 30.0$ deg
Design base friction angle; $\delta_{bb} = 30.0$ deg
Coefficient of base friction; $\tan(\delta_{bb}) = 0.577$

Footing loads

Self weight; $F_{swt} = h \times \gamma_{conc} = 125$ psf

Wall no.1 loads per linear foot

Dead load in z; $F_{Dz1} = 1.5$ kips
Live load in z; $F_{Lz1} = 0.5$ kips
Live roof load in z; $F_{Lrz1} = 1.0$ kips
Snow load in z; $F_{Sz1} = 0.9$ kips

Footing analysis for soil and stability

Load combinations per ASCE 7-16

1.0D (0.417)
1.0D + 1.0L (0.528)
1.0D + 1.0Lr (0.639)
1.0D + 1.0S (0.622)
1.0D + 1.0R (0.417)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75Lr (0.667)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75S (0.654)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75R (0.500)
1.0D + 0.6W (0.417)
(1.0 + 0.14 × S_{DS})D + 0.7E (0.475)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75Lr + 0.45W (0.667)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75S + 0.45W (0.654)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75R + 0.45W (0.500)
(1.0 + 0.10 × S_{DS})D + 0.75L + 0.75S + 0.525E (0.696)
0.6D + 0.6W (0.250)
(0.6 - 0.14 × S_{DS})D + 0.7E (0.192)

Combination 14 results: (1.0 + 0.10 × S_{DS})D + 0.75L + 0.75S + 0.525E

Forces on footing per linear foot

Force in z-axis; $F_{dz} = \gamma_D \times A \times F_{swt} + \gamma_D \times (F_{Dz1} - l_{x1} \times l_{y1} \times h_{soil} \times \gamma_{soil}) + \gamma_L \times F_{Lz1} + \gamma_S \times F_{Sz1} = 3.1$ kips

Moments on footing per linear foot

Moment in y-axis, about y is 0; $M_{dy} = \gamma_D \times A \times F_{swt} \times L_y / 2 + \gamma_D \times (((F_{Dz1} - l_{x1} \times l_{y1} \times h_{soil} \times \gamma_{soil})) \times y_1) + \gamma_L \times (F_{Lz1} \times y_1) + \gamma_S \times (F_{Sz1} \times y_1) = 4.7$ kip_ft

Uplift verification

Vertical force; $F_{dz} = 3.131$ kips

PASS - Footing is not subject to uplift



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| MPJ | 7/22/2025 | DJJ | 7/22/2025 | DJJ | 7/22/2025 |

Stability against sliding

Resistance due to base friction;

$$F_{R\text{Friction}} = \max(F_{dz}, 0 \text{ kN}) \times \tan(\delta_{bb}) = \mathbf{1.808 \text{ kips}}$$

Bearing resistance

Eccentricity of base reaction

Eccentricity of base reaction in y-axis;

$$e_{dy} = M_{dy} / F_{dz} - L_y / 2 = \mathbf{0.000 \text{ in}}$$

Strip base pressures

$$q_1 = F_{dz} \times (1 - 6 \times e_{dy} / L_y) / (L_y \times 1 \text{ ft}) = \mathbf{1.044 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$q_2 = F_{dz} \times (1 + 6 \times e_{dy} / L_y) / (L_y \times 1 \text{ ft}) = \mathbf{1.044 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$q_{\min} = \min(q_1, q_2) = \mathbf{1.044 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$q_{\max} = \max(q_1, q_2) = \mathbf{1.044 \text{ ksf}}$$

Minimum base pressure;

Maximum base pressure;

Allowable bearing capacity

Allowable bearing capacity;

$$Q_{\text{allow}} = Q_{\text{allow_Gross}} = \mathbf{1.5 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$q_{\max} / Q_{\text{allow}} = \mathbf{0.696}$$

PASS - Allowable bearing capacity exceeds design base pressure



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RC WALL DESIGN

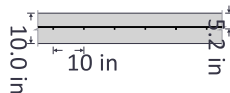
In accordance with ACI 318-14: See attachment for additional ACI-350 Reinforcement Requirements if they differ from those in ACI-318

Tedds calculation version 1.2.08

Design summary

Overall design status; PASS

| Description | Unit | Required | Provided | Utilization | Result |
|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|-------------|--------|
| Axial | kips/ft | 3.7 | 11.0 | 0.332 | PASS |
| Euler load | kips/ft | 3.7 | 203.2 | 0.018 | PASS |
| Moment | kip ft/ft | 3.9 | 12.1 | 0.323 | PASS |
| Shear | kips/ft | 2.6 | 5.9 | 0.440 | PASS |



Geometry of wall

Depth of wall; $h = 10.00$ in
Clear cover to reinforcement (both sides); $c_c = 4.50$ in
Unsupported height of wall; $l_u = 96.0$ in
Effective height factor; $k = 2.00$

Reinforcement of wall

Numbers of reinforcement layers; $N_l = 1$
Vertical steel bar diameter number; $D_{ver_num} = 5$
Spacing of vertical steel; $s_v = 10.00$ in
Diameter of vertical steel bar; $D_{ver} = 0.625$ in
Horizontal steel bar diameter number; $D_{hor_num} = 5$
Spacing of horizontal steel; $s_h = 6.00$ in
Diameter of horizontal bar; $D_{hor} = 0.625$ in
Specified yield strength of reinforcement; $f_y = 60000$ psi
Specified compressive strength of concrete; $f'_c = 4000$ psi
Modulus of elasticity of bar reinforcement; $E_s = 29 \times 10^6$ psi
Modulus of elasticity of concrete; $E_c = 57000 \times f'_c^{1/2} \times (1 \text{ psi})^{1/2} = 3604997$ psi
Ultimate design strain; $\epsilon_c = 0.003$ in/in
Compression-controlled strain limit $\epsilon_{ty} = 0.002$

Check for minimum area of vertical steel of single layer reinforcement wall to cl. 11.6.1

Gross area of wall per running foot length; $A_g = h \times 12 \text{ in} = 120.000$ in²



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Numbers of vertical bars per running foot length; $N_v = 12\text{in}/s_v = \mathbf{1.200}$
Area of vertical steel per running foot length; $A_{st_v} = N_v \times (\pi \times D_{ver}^2) / 4 = \mathbf{0.368\text{ in}^2}$
Minimum area of vertical steel required; $A_{st_v_min} = \mathbf{0.144\text{ in}^2}$

PASS- Minimum vertical steel check

Check for minimum area of horizontal steel of single layer reinforcement wall to cl. 11.6.1

Gross area of wall per running foot height; $A_g = h \times 12\text{in} = \mathbf{120.000\text{ in}^2}$
Numbers of horizontal bar per running foot height; $N_h = 12\text{in} / s_h = \mathbf{2.000}$
Area of horizontal steel per running foot height; $A_{st_h} = N_h \times (\pi \times D_{hor}^2) / 4 = \mathbf{0.614\text{ in}^2}$
Minimum area of horizontal steel required; $A_{st_h_min} = \mathbf{0.240\text{ in}^2}$

PASS- Minimum horizontal steel check

Braced wall slenderness check to 6.2.5

Permissible slenderness ratio; $S_{r_perm} = \min(34 + 12 \times (M_{1_act} / M_{2_act}), 40) = \mathbf{40.0}$
Radius of gyration; $r_{min} = 0.3 \times h = \mathbf{3.00\text{ in}}$
Actual slenderness ratio; $S_{r_act} = k \times l_u / r_{min} = \mathbf{64.00}$

Wall is braced slender wall

Design loads and moments for wall subjected to shear, axial load and bending

Ultimate axial force per running foot; $P_{u_act} = \mathbf{3.65\text{ kips/ft}}$
Ultimate large end moment per running foot; $M_{2_act} = \mathbf{3.90\text{ kips_ft/ft}}$
Ultimate small end moment per running foot; $M_{1_act} = \mathbf{3.90\text{ kips_ft/ft}}$
Ultimate shear force per running foot; $V_{u_act} = \mathbf{2.60\text{ kips/ft}}$
Ratio of DL moment to total moment; $\beta_d = \mathbf{0.900}$

Magnified moment for braced slender wall to 6.6.4

Moment of inertia of section; $I_g = (12\text{in} \times h^3) / 12 = \mathbf{1000.000\text{ in}^4}$
Euler's buckling load; $P_c = (\pi^2 \times 0.4 \times E_c \times I_g) / ((1 + \beta_d) \times (k \times l_u)^2 \times 1\text{ft}) = \mathbf{203.193\text{ kips/ft}}$

PASS - Euler's buckling load exceeds ultimate axial force

Correction factor for actual to equiv. mmt. diagram; $C_m = 0.6 - (0.4 \times M_{1_act} / M_{2_act}) = \mathbf{0.200}$
Moment magnifier; $\delta_{ns} = \max(1.0, C_m / (1 - (P_{u_act} / (0.75 \times P_c)))) = \mathbf{1.000}$
Minimum uniaxial moment for slender section; $M_{2_min} = P_{u_act} \times (0.6\text{ in} + 0.03 \times h) = \mathbf{0.274\text{ kip_ft/ft}}$
Magnified uniaxial moment; $M_c = \delta_{ns} \times \max(M_{2_min}, M_{2_act}) = \mathbf{3.900\text{ kip_ft/ft}}$ **Axial load capacity of single**

layer reinforcement wall subjected to bending

c/d_t ratio; $r = \mathbf{0.191}$
Effective cover to reinforcement; $d' = c_c + (D_{ver}/2) = \mathbf{4.813\text{ in}}$
Depth of tension steel; $d_t = h - d' = \mathbf{5.188\text{ in}}$
Depth of NA from extreme compression face; $c = r \times d_t = \mathbf{0.989\text{ in}}$
Factor of depth of compressive stress block; $\beta_1 = \mathbf{0.850}$
Depth of equivalent rectangular stress block; $a = \min((\beta_1 \times c), h) = \mathbf{0.840\text{ in}}$
Strain in 'tension' reinforcement; $\epsilon_s = \epsilon_c \times (1 - d_t / c) = \mathbf{-0.012740}$
 f_s Stress in 'tension' reinforcement; $f_s = \max(E_s \times \epsilon_s, -f_y) = \mathbf{-60000.0; \text{psi}}$
Compression force in concrete; $C_c = 0.85 \times f'_c \times a \times 12\text{in}/1\text{ft} = \mathbf{34.289\text{ kips/ft}}$
Area of vertical tension steel per running foot; $A_s = A_{st_v} = \mathbf{0.368\text{ in}^2}$
Force in 'tension' steel; $T_s = A_s \times f_s / 1\text{ft} = \mathbf{-22.089\text{ kips/ft}}$
Nominal axial load strength; $P_n = C_c + T_s = \mathbf{12.200\text{ kips/ft}}$



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Strength reduction factor; $\phi = 0.9 = \mathbf{0.9}$
Ultimate axial load carrying capacity of wall; $P_u = \phi \times P_n = \mathbf{10.980}$ kips/ft

Check for axial load capacity of wall

PASS- Wall is safe in axial loading

Bending capacity of single layer reinforcement wall

Centroid of wall; $y = h \times 0.5 = \mathbf{5.000}$ in
Nominal moment strength; $M_n = C_c \times (y - 0.5 \times a) - T_s \times (d_t - y) = \mathbf{13.432}$ kip_ft/ft
Ultimate moment strength capacity of wall; $M_u = \phi \times M_n = \mathbf{12.088}$ kip_ft/ft

Check for uniaxial bending capacity of wall

Wall is safe for bending

Check for shear capacity of wall subjected to shear, axial load and bending cl. 22.5

Strength reduction factor; $\phi_v = \mathbf{0.75}$
Effective cover to reinforcement; $d' = c_c + (D_{ver}/2) = \mathbf{4.813}$ in
Depth of tension steel; $d_t = h - d' = \mathbf{5.188}$ in
Factored moment for axial compression; $M_m = M_{2_act} - (P_{u_act} \times ((4 \times h) - d_t) / (8 \times 12\text{in}) \times 1\text{ft}) = \mathbf{2.576}$ kips_ft/ft
Shear force capacity of wall; $V_{c1} = ((1.9 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c \times 1\text{psi}} \times d_t \times 12\text{in}) / 1\text{ft}) + (2500\text{ psi} \times A_s / 1\text{ ft} \times \min(1, (V_{u_act} \times d_t / M_m))) = \mathbf{7.882}$ kips/ft
Maximum shear force resisting capacity of wall; $V_{max} = (3.5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c \times 1\text{psi}} \times h \times 12\text{in} \times \sqrt{(1\text{kips} / \text{ft}^3 + P_{u_act} / (500 \times A_g))) \times \sqrt{(1\text{ft} / 1\text{kips})} = \mathbf{26.679}$ kips/ft
Shear force resisting capacity of wall; $\phi V_c = \phi_v \times \min(V_{c1}, V_{max}) = \mathbf{5.911}$ kips/ft;

PASS- Wall is safe in shear force



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Pit Column Footing

Start page no./Revision

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Calcs by

MPJ

Calcs date

7/22/2025

Checked by

DJJ

Checked date

7/22/2025

Approved by

DJJ

Approved date

7/22/2025

FOOTING ANALYSIS

In accordance with ACI318-14: See attachment for additional ACI-350 Reinforcement Requirements if they differ from those in ACI-318

Tedds calculation version 3.3.11

Summary results

Overall design status;

PASS;

Overall design utilisation;

0.987

| Description | Unit | Applied | Resisting | FoS | Result |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|-------------|--------|
| Uplift verification | kips | 13.3 | | | Pass |
| Description | Unit | Applied | Resisting | Utilization | Result |
| Soil bearing | ksf | 1.48 | 1.5 | 0.987 | Pass |
| Description | Unit | Required | Provided | Utilization | Result |
| Moment, positive, x-direction | kip_ft | 2.4 | 23.6 | 0.101 | Pass |
| Moment, positive, y-direction | kip_ft | 2.4 | 23.6 | 0.101 | Pass |
| Shear, one-way, x-direction | kips | 2.2 | 23.1 | 0.097 | Pass |
| Shear, one-way, y-direction | kips | 2.2 | 21.3 | 0.105 | Pass |
| Shear, two-way, Col 1 | psi | 21.596 | 189.737 | 0.114 | Pass |
| Min.area of reinf, bot., x-direction | in ² | 0.648 | 0.800 | | Pass |
| Max.reinf.spacing, bot, x-direction | in | 18.0 | 10.5 | | Pass |
| Min.area of reinf, bot., y-direction | in ² | 0.648 | 0.800 | | Pass |
| Max.reinf.spacing, bot, y-direction | in | 18.0 | 10.5 | | Pass |

Pad footing details

Length of footing;

$L_x = 3$ ft

Width of footing;

$L_y = 3$ ft

Footing area;

$A = L_x \times L_y = 9$ ft²

Depth of footing;

$h = 10$ in

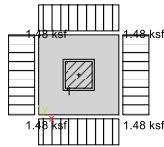
Depth of soil over footing;

$h_{soil} = 0$ in

Density of concrete;

$\gamma_{conc} = 150.0$ lb/ft³

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Column no.1 details

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Length of column; | $l_{x1} = 12.00$ in |
| Width of column; | $l_{y1} = 12.00$ in |
| position in x-axis; | $x_1 = 18.00$ in |
| position in y-axis; | $y_1 = 18.00$ in |
| Height of pedestal; | $h_{ped1} = 82.00$ in |
| Length of pedestal; | $l_{x,ped1} = 14.00$ in |
| Width of pedestal; | $l_{y,ped1} = 14.00$ in |

Soil properties

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Gross allowable bearing pressure; | $Q_{allow_Gross} = 1.5$ ksf; |
| Density of soil; | $\gamma_{soil} = 63.0$ lb/ft ³ |
| Angle of internal friction; | $\phi_b = 30.0$ deg |
| Design base friction angle; | $\delta_{bb} = 30.0$ deg |
| Coefficient of base friction; | $\tan(\delta_{bb}) = 0.577$ |

Footing loads

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Self weight; | $F_{swt} = h \times \gamma_{conc} = 125$ psf |
|--------------|--|

Column no.1 loads

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Pedestal self weight; | $F_{swz1} = 1.4$ kips |
| Dead load in z; | $F_{Dz1} = 4.8$ kips |
| Live load in z; | $F_{Lz1} = 6.0$ kips |



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Footing analysis for soil and stability

Load combinations per ASCE 7-16

1.0D (0.542)
1.0D + 1.0L (0.987)
1.0D + 1.0Lr (0.542)
1.0D + 1.0S (0.542)
1.0D + 1.0R (0.542)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75Lr (0.876)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75S (0.876)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75R (0.876)
(1.0 + 0.14 × S_{DS})D + 0.7E (0.618)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75Lr + 0.45W (0.876)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75S + 0.45W (0.876)
1.0D + 0.75L + 0.75R + 0.45W (0.876)
(1.0 + 0.10 × S_{DS})D + 0.75L + 0.75S + 0.525E (0.930)
0.6D + 0.6W (0.325)
(0.6 - 0.14 × S_{DS})D + 0.7E (0.249)

Combination 2 results: 1.0D + 1.0L

Forces on footing

Force in z-axis;

$$F_{dz} = \gamma_D \times A \times F_{swt} + \gamma_D \times (F_{Dz1} + F_{SWz1} - I_{x,ped1} \times I_{y,ped1} \times h_{soil} \times \gamma_{soil}) + \gamma_L \times F_{Lz1} = \mathbf{13.3 \text{ kips}}$$

Moments on footing

Moment in x-axis, about x is 0;

$$M_{dx} = \gamma_D \times A \times F_{swt} \times L_x / 2 + \gamma_D \times (((F_{Dz1} + F_{SWz1} - I_{x,ped1} \times I_{y,ped1} \times h_{soil} \times \gamma_{soil})) \times x_1) + \gamma_L \times (F_{Lz1} \times x_1) = \mathbf{20.0 \text{ kip_ft}}$$

Moment in y-axis, about y is 0;

$$M_{dy} = \gamma_D \times A \times F_{swt} \times L_y / 2 + \gamma_D \times (((F_{Dz1} + F_{SWz1} - I_{x,ped1} \times I_{y,ped1} \times h_{soil} \times \gamma_{soil})) \times y_1) + \gamma_L \times (F_{Lz1} \times y_1) = \mathbf{20.0 \text{ kip_ft}}$$

Uplift verification

Vertical force;

$$F_{dz} = \mathbf{13.32 \text{ kips}}$$

PASS - Footing is not subject to uplift

Bearing resistance

Eccentricity of base reaction

Eccentricity of base reaction in x-axis;

$$e_{dx} = M_{dx} / F_{dz} - L_x / 2 = \mathbf{0 \text{ in}}$$

Eccentricity of base reaction in y-axis;

$$e_{dy} = M_{dy} / F_{dz} - L_y / 2 = \mathbf{0 \text{ in}}$$

Pad base pressures

$$q_1 = F_{dz} \times (1 - 6 \times e_{dx} / L_x - 6 \times e_{dy} / L_y) / (L_x \times L_y) = \mathbf{1.48 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$q_2 = F_{dz} \times (1 - 6 \times e_{dx} / L_x + 6 \times e_{dy} / L_y) / (L_x \times L_y) = \mathbf{1.48 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$q_3 = F_{dz} \times (1 + 6 \times e_{dx} / L_x - 6 \times e_{dy} / L_y) / (L_x \times L_y) = \mathbf{1.48 \text{ ksf}}$$

$$q_4 = F_{dz} \times (1 + 6 \times e_{dx} / L_x + 6 \times e_{dy} / L_y) / (L_x \times L_y) = \mathbf{1.48 \text{ ksf}}$$

Minimum base pressure;

$$q_{min} = \min(q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4) = \mathbf{1.48 \text{ ksf}}$$

Maximum base pressure;

$$q_{max} = \max(q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4) = \mathbf{1.48 \text{ ksf}}$$



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Allowable bearing capacity

Allowable bearing capacity;

$$Q_{allow} = Q_{allow_Gross} = 1.5 \text{ ksf}$$

$$Q_{max} / Q_{allow} = 0.987$$

PASS - Allowable bearing capacity exceeds design base pressure

FOOTING DESIGN

In accordance with ACI318-14

Tedds calculation version 3.3.11

Material details

Compressive strength of concrete;

$$f'_c = 4000 \text{ psi}$$

Yield strength of reinforcement;

$$f_y = 60000 \text{ psi}$$

Compression-controlled strain limit (21.2.2);

$$\epsilon_{ty} = 0.00200$$

Cover to top of footing;

$$c_{nom_t} = 2 \text{ in}$$

Cover to side of footing;

$$c_{nom_s} = 2 \text{ in}$$

Cover to bottom of footing;

$$c_{nom_b} = 3 \text{ in}$$

Concrete type;

Normal weight

Concrete modification factor;

$$\lambda = 1.00$$

Column type;

Concrete

Analysis and design of concrete footing

Load combinations per ASCE 7-16

1.4D (0.058)

1.2D + 1.6L + 0.5Lr (0.114)

1.2D + 1.6L + 0.5S (0.114)

1.2D + 1.6L + 0.5R (0.114)

1.2D + 1.0L + 1.6Lr (0.114)

1.2D + 1.0L + 1.6S (0.114)

1.2D + 1.0L + 1.6R (0.114)

1.2D + 1.6Lr + 0.5W (0.114)

1.2D + 1.6S + 0.5W (0.114)

1.2D + 1.6R + 0.5W (0.114)

1.2D + 1.0L + 0.5Lr + 1.0W (0.114)

1.2D + 1.0L + 0.5S + 1.0W (0.114)

1.2D + 1.0L + 0.5R + 1.0W (0.114)

(1.2 + 0.2 × S_{DS})D + 1.0L + 0.2S + 1.0E (0.114)

0.9D + 1.0W (0.114)

(0.9 - 0.2 × S_{DS})D + 1.0E (0.114)

Combination 2 results: 1.2D + 1.6L + 0.5Lr

Forces on footing

Ultimate force in z-axis;

$$F_{uz} = \gamma_D \times A \times F_{swt} + \gamma_D \times (F_{Dz1} + F_{SWz1} - I_{x,ped1} \times I_{y,ped1} \times h_{soil} \times \gamma_{soil}) + \gamma_L \times F_{Lz1} = 18.4 \text{ kips}$$

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Moments on footing

Ultimate moment in x-axis, about x is 0;

$$M_{ux} = \gamma_D \times A \times F_{swt} \times L_x / 2 + \gamma_D \times (((F_{Dz1} + F_{SWz1} - l_{x,ped1} \times l_{y,ped1} \times h_{soil} \times \gamma_{soil})) \times x_1) + \gamma_L \times (F_{Lz1} \times x_1) = 27.6 \text{ kip_ft}$$

Ultimate moment in y-axis, about y is 0;

$$M_{uy} = \gamma_D \times A \times F_{swt} \times L_y / 2 + \gamma_D \times (((F_{Dz1} + F_{SWz1} - l_{x,ped1} \times l_{y,ped1} \times h_{soil} \times \gamma_{soil})) \times y_1) + \gamma_L \times (F_{Lz1} \times y_1) = 27.6 \text{ kip_ft}$$

Eccentricity of base reaction

Eccentricity of base reaction in x-axis;

$$e_{ux} = M_{ux} / F_{uz} - L_x / 2 = 0 \text{ in}$$

Eccentricity of base reaction in y-axis;

$$e_{uy} = M_{uy} / F_{uz} - L_y / 2 = 0 \text{ in}$$

Pad base pressures

$$q_{u1} = F_{uz} \times (1 - 6 \times e_{ux} / L_x - 6 \times e_{uy} / L_y) / (L_x \times L_y) = 2.043 \text{ ksf}$$

$$q_{u2} = F_{uz} \times (1 - 6 \times e_{ux} / L_x + 6 \times e_{uy} / L_y) / (L_x \times L_y) = 2.043 \text{ ksf}$$

$$q_{u3} = F_{uz} \times (1 + 6 \times e_{ux} / L_x - 6 \times e_{uy} / L_y) / (L_x \times L_y) = 2.043 \text{ ksf}$$

$$q_{u4} = F_{uz} \times (1 + 6 \times e_{ux} / L_x + 6 \times e_{uy} / L_y) / (L_x \times L_y) = 2.043 \text{ ksf}$$

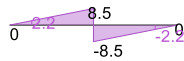
Minimum ultimate base pressure;

$$q_{umin} = \min(q_{u1}, q_{u2}, q_{u3}, q_{u4}) = 2.043 \text{ ksf}$$

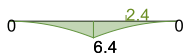
Maximum ultimate base pressure;

$$q_{umax} = \max(q_{u1}, q_{u2}, q_{u3}, q_{u4}) = 2.043 \text{ ksf}$$

Shear diagram, x axis (kips)



Moment diagram, x axis (kip_ft)



Moment design, x direction, positive moment

Ultimate bending moment;

$$M_{u.x,max} = 2.386 \text{ kip_ft}$$

Tension reinforcement provided;

$$4 \text{ No.4 bottom bars (10.5 in c/c)}$$

Area of tension reinforcement provided;

$$A_{sx,bot,prov} = 0.8 \text{ in}^2$$

Minimum area of reinforcement (8.6.1.1);

$$A_{s,min} = 0.0018 \times L_y \times h = 0.648 \text{ in}^2$$

PASS - Area of reinforcement provided exceeds minimum

Maximum spacing of reinforcement (8.7.2.2);

$$s_{max} = \min(2 \times h, 18 \text{ in}) = 18 \text{ in}$$

PASS - Maximum permissible reinforcement spacing exceeds actual spacing

Depth to tension reinforcement;

$$d = h - c_{nom,b} - \phi_{x,bot} / 2 = 6.750 \text{ in}$$

Depth of compression block;

$$a = A_{sx,bot,prov} \times f_y / (0.85 \times f'_c \times L_y) = 0.392 \text{ in}$$

Neutral axis factor;

$$\beta_1 = 0.85$$

Depth to neutral axis;

$$c = a / \beta_1 = 0.461 \text{ in}$$

Strain in tensile reinforcement;

$$\epsilon_t = 0.003 \times d / c - 0.003 = 0.04089$$

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Minimum tensile strain(8.3.3.1);

$$\epsilon_{\min} = 0.004 = \mathbf{0.00400}$$

PASS - Tensile strain exceeds minimum required

Nominal moment capacity;

$$M_n = A_{sx,bot,prov} \times f_y \times (d - a / 2) = \mathbf{26.216 \text{ kip_ft}}$$

Flexural strength reduction factor;

$$\phi_f = \min(\max(0.65 + 0.25 \times (\epsilon_t - \epsilon_{ty}) / (0.005 - \epsilon_{ty}), 0.65), 0.9) = \mathbf{0.900}$$

Design moment capacity;

$$\phi M_n = \phi_f \times M_n = \mathbf{23.594 \text{ kip_ft}}$$

$$M_{u,x,max} / \phi M_n = \mathbf{0.101}$$

PASS - Design moment capacity exceeds ultimate moment load

One-way shear design, x direction

Ultimate shear force;

$$V_{u,x} = \mathbf{2.248 \text{ kips}}$$

Depth to reinforcement;

$$d_v = h - c_{nom_b} - \phi_{x,bot} / 2 = \mathbf{6.75 \text{ in}}$$

Shear strength reduction factor;

$$\phi_v = \mathbf{0.75}$$

Nominal shear capacity (Eq. 22.5.5.1);

$$V_n = 2 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c \times 1 \text{ psi}} \times L_y \times d_v = \mathbf{30.737 \text{ kips}}$$

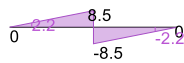
Design shear capacity;

$$\phi V_n = \phi_v \times V_n = \mathbf{23.053 \text{ kips}}$$

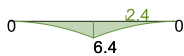
$$V_{u,x} / \phi V_n = \mathbf{0.097}$$

PASS - Design shear capacity exceeds ultimate shear load

Shear diagram, y axis (kips)



Moment diagram, y axis (kip_ft)



Moment design, y direction, positive moment

Ultimate bending moment;

$$M_{u,y,max} = \mathbf{2.386 \text{ kip_ft}}$$

Tension reinforcement provided;

$$4 \text{ No.4 bottom bars (10.5 in c/c)}$$

Area of tension reinforcement provided;

$$A_{sy,bot,prov} = \mathbf{0.8 \text{ in}^2}$$

Minimum area of reinforcement (8.6.1.1);

$$A_{s,min} = 0.0018 \times L_x \times h = \mathbf{0.648 \text{ in}^2}$$

PASS - Area of reinforcement provided exceeds minimum

Maximum spacing of reinforcement (8.7.2.2);

$$s_{max} = \min(2 \times h, 18 \text{ in}) = \mathbf{18 \text{ in}}$$

PASS - Maximum permissible reinforcement spacing exceeds actual spacing

Depth to tension reinforcement;

$$d = h - c_{nom_b} - \phi_{x,bot} - \phi_{y,bot} / 2 = \mathbf{6.250 \text{ in}}$$

Depth of compression block;

$$a = A_{sy,bot,prov} \times f_y / (0.85 \times f'_c \times L_x) = \mathbf{0.392 \text{ in}}$$

Neutral axis factor;

$$\beta_1 = \mathbf{0.85}$$

Depth to neutral axis;

$$c = a / \beta_1 = \mathbf{0.461 \text{ in}}$$

Strain in tensile reinforcement;

$$\epsilon_t = 0.003 \times d / c - 0.003 = \mathbf{0.03764}$$

Minimum tensile strain(8.3.3.1);

$$\epsilon_{\min} = 0.004 = \mathbf{0.00400}$$



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| | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Project | | | | Job no. | |
| Gruber Livestock South GDU | | | | 0169-01B | |
| Calcs for | | | | Start page no./Revision | |
| Pit Column Footing | | | | 7 | |
| Calcs by | Calcs date | Checked by | Checked date | Approved by | Approved date |
| MPJ | 7/22/2025 | DJJ | 7/22/2025 | DJJ | 7/22/2025 |

PASS - Tensile strain exceeds minimum required

Nominal moment capacity;

$$M_n = A_{sy,bot,prov} \times f_y \times (d - a / 2) = \mathbf{24.216 \text{ kip_ft}}$$

Flexural strength reduction factor;

$$\phi_f = \min(\max(0.65 + 0.25 \times (\epsilon_t - \epsilon_{ty}) / (0.005 - \epsilon_{ty}), 0.65), 0.9) = \mathbf{0.900}$$

Design moment capacity;

$$\phi M_n = \phi_f \times M_n = \mathbf{21.794 \text{ kip_ft}}$$

$$M_{u,y,max} / \phi M_n = \mathbf{0.109}$$

PASS - Design moment capacity exceeds ultimate moment load

One-way shear design, y direction

Ultimate shear force;

$$V_{u,y} = \mathbf{2.248 \text{ kips}}$$

Depth to reinforcement;

$$d_v = h - c_{nom_b} - \phi_{x,bot} - \phi_{y,bot} / 2 = \mathbf{6.25 \text{ in}}$$

Shear strength reduction factor;

$$\phi_v = \mathbf{0.75}$$

Nominal shear capacity (Eq. 22.5.5.1);

$$V_n = 2 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c \times 1 \text{ psi}} \times L_x \times d_v = \mathbf{28.46 \text{ kips}}$$

Design shear capacity;

$$\phi V_n = \phi_v \times V_n = \mathbf{21.345 \text{ kips}}$$

$$V_{u,y} / \phi V_n = \mathbf{0.105}$$

PASS - Design shear capacity exceeds ultimate shear load

Two-way shear design at column 1

Depth to reinforcement;

$$d_{v2} = \mathbf{6.5 \text{ in}}$$

Shear perimeter length (22.6.4);

$$l_{xp} = \mathbf{20.500 \text{ in}}$$

Shear perimeter width (22.6.4);

$$l_{yp} = \mathbf{20.500 \text{ in}}$$

Shear perimeter (22.6.4);

$$b_o = 2 \times (l_{x,ped1} + d_{v2}) + 2 \times (l_{y,ped1} + d_{v2}) = \mathbf{82.000 \text{ in}}$$

Shear area;

$$A_p = l_{x,perim} \times l_{y,perim} = \mathbf{420.250 \text{ in}^2}$$

Surcharge loaded area;

$$A_{sur} = A_p - l_{x,ped1} \times l_{y,ped1} = \mathbf{224.250 \text{ in}^2}$$

Ultimate bearing pressure at center of shear area;

$$q_{up,avg} = \mathbf{2.043 \text{ ksf}}$$

Ultimate shear load;

$$F_{up} = \gamma_D \times (F_{Dz1} + F_{SWz1} - l_{x,ped1} \times l_{y,ped1} \times h_{soil} \times \gamma_{soil}) + \gamma_L \times F_{Lz1} + \gamma_D \times A_p \times$$

$$F_{swt} - q_{up,avg} \times A_p = \mathbf{11.511 \text{ kips}}$$

Ultimate shear stress from vertical load;

$$v_{ug} = \max(F_{up} / (b_o \times d_{v2}), 0 \text{ psi}) = \mathbf{21.596 \text{ psi}}$$

Column geometry factor (Table 22.6.5.2);

$$\beta = l_{y,ped1} / l_{x,ped1} = \mathbf{1.00}$$

Column location factor (22.6.5.3);

$$\alpha_s = \mathbf{40}$$

Concrete shear strength (22.6.5.2);

$$V_{cpa} = (2 + 4 / \beta) \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c \times 1 \text{ psi}} = \mathbf{379.473 \text{ psi}}$$

$$V_{cpb} = (\alpha_s \times d_{v2} / b_o + 2) \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c \times 1 \text{ psi}} = \mathbf{327.026 \text{ psi}}$$

$$V_{cpc} = 4 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c \times 1 \text{ psi}} = \mathbf{252.982 \text{ psi}}$$

$$V_{cp} = \min(V_{cpa}, V_{cpb}, V_{cpc}) = \mathbf{252.982 \text{ psi}}$$

Shear strength reduction factor;

$$\phi_v = \mathbf{0.75}$$

Nominal shear stress capacity (Eq. 22.6.1.2);

$$V_n = V_{cp} = \mathbf{252.982 \text{ psi}}$$

Design shear stress capacity (8.5.1.1(d));

$$\phi V_n = \phi_v \times V_n = \mathbf{189.737 \text{ psi}}$$

$$v_{ug} / \phi V_n = \mathbf{0.114}$$

PASS - Design shear stress capacity exceeds ultimate shear stress load



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Project

Gruber Livestock South GDU

Job no.

0169-01B

Calcs for

Pit Column Footing

Start page no./Revision

8

Calcs by

MPJ

Calcs date

7/22/2025

Checked by

DJJ

Checked date

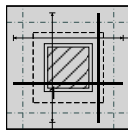
7/22/2025

Approved by

DJJ

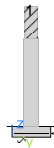
Approved date

7/22/2025



4 No.4 bottom bars (10.5 in c/c)

4 No.4 bottom bars (10.5 in c/c)



4 No.4 bottom bars (10.5 in c/c) (x direction)

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Project Gruber Livestock South GDU | | | | Job no. 0169-01B | |
| Calcs for Pit Column | | | | Start page no./Revision 1 | |
| Calcs by MPJ | Calcs date 7/22/2025 | Checked by DJJ | Checked date 7/22/2025 | Approved by DJJ | Approved date 7/22/2025 |

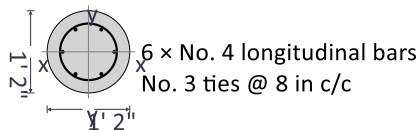
RC COLUMN DESIGN

In accordance with ACI318-14: See attachment for additional ACI-350 Reinforcement Requirements if they differ from those in ACI-318

Tedds calculation version 2.2.07

Design summary

| Description | Unit | Capacity | Applied | Utilization | Result |
|-------------|------|----------|---------|-------------|--------|
| Axial | kips | 243.0 | 20.6 | 0.085 | - |



Applied loads

Ultimate axial force acting on column;
Ratio of DL moment to total moment;

$P_{u_act} = 20.64$ kips
 $\beta_d = 0.600$

Geometry of column

Column diameter;
Clear cover to all reinforcement;
Unsupported height of column about x axis;
Effective height factor about x axis;
Column state about the x axis;
Unsupported height of column about y axis;
Effective height factor about y axis;
Column state about the y axis;

$h = 14.0$ in
 $c_c = 2.00$ in
 $l_{ux} = 6.8$ ft
 $k_x = 1.00$
Braced
 $l_{uy} = 6.8$ ft
 $k_y = 1.00$
Braced

Reinforcement of column

Numbers of bars of longitudinal steel;
Longitudinal steel bar diameter number;
Diameter of longitudinal bar;
Stirrup bar diameter number;
Diameter of stirrup bar;

$N = 6$
 $D_{bar_num} = 4$
 $D_{long} = 0.500$ in
 $D_{stir_num} = 3$
 $D_{stir} = 0.375$ in



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| Calcs for Pit Column | | | | Start page no./Revision 2 | |
| Calcs by MPJ | Calcs date 7/22/2025 | Checked by DJJ | Checked date 7/22/2025 | Approved by DJJ | Approved date 7/22/2025 |

Specified yield strength of reinforcement; $f_y = 60000$ psi
Specified compressive strength of concrete; $f'_c = 4000$ psi
Modulus of elasticity of bar reinforcement; $E_s = 29 \times 10^6$ psi
Modulus of elasticity of concrete; $E_c = 57000 \times f'_c^{1/2} \times (1\text{psi})^{1/2} = 3604997$ psi
Yield strain; $\epsilon_y = f_y / E_s = 0.00207$
Ultimate design strain; $\epsilon_c = 0.003$ in/in

Check for minimum area of steel - 10.6.1.1

Gross area of column; $A_g = \pi \times h^2 / 4 = 153.938$ in²
Area of steel; $A_{st} = N \times (\pi \times D_{long}^2) / 4 = 1.178$ in²
Minimum area of steel required; $A_{st_min} = 0.01 \times A_g = 1.539$ in²
Area of reinforcement provided (A_{st}) is less than the minimum required (A_{st_min}) therefore apply ACI 318 clause 10.3.1.2
Reduced column area to satisfy min reinf; $A_{g_red} = A_{st} / 0.01 = 117.810$ in²
PASS- Reduced effective area is not less than half gross area

Check for maximum area of steel - 10.6.1.1

Permissible maximum area of steel; $A_{st_max} = 0.08 \times A_g = 12.315$ in²
 $A_{st} < A_{st_max}$, PASS - Maximum steel check

Design of column ties - 25.7.2

Spacing of lateral ties; $S_{v_ties} = 8.000$ in
16 times longitudinal bar diameter; $S_{v1} = 16 \times D_{long} = 8.000$ in
48 times tie bar diameter; $S_{v2} = 48 \times D_{stir} = 18.000$ in
Least column dimension; $S_{v3} = \min(h, b) = 14.000$ in
Required tie spacing; $s = \min(S_{v1}, S_{v2}, S_{v3}) = 8.000$ in
 $S_{v_ties} < s$ PASS

Slenderness check about x axis

Radius of gyration; $r_x = 0.25 \times h = 3.5$ in
Actual slenderness ratio; $S_{rx_act} = k_x \times l_{ux} / r_x = 23.42$
Permissible slenderness ratio; $S_{rx_perm} = \min(34 - 12 \times (M_{1x_act} / M_{2x_act}), 40) = 34$
Slenderness effects may be neglected about the X axis

Slenderness check about y axis

Radius of gyration; $r_y = 0.25 \times h = 3.5$ in
Actual slenderness ratio; $S_{ry_act} = k_y \times l_{uy} / r_y = 23.42$
Permissible slenderness ratio; $S_{ry_perm} = \min(34 - 12 \times (M_{1y_act} / M_{2y_act}), 40) = 34$
Slenderness effects may be neglected about the Y axis

Axial load capacity of axially loaded column

Strength reduction factor; $\phi = 0.650$
Area of steel on compression face; $A'_s = A_{st} / 2 = 0.589$ in²
Area of steel on tension face; $A_s = A_{st} / 2 = 0.589$ in²
Net axial load capacity of column; $P_n = 0.8 \times (0.85 \times f'_c \times (A_{g_red} - A_{st}) + f_y \times A_{st}) = 373.787$ kips
Ultimate axial load capacity of column; $P_u = \phi \times P_n = 242.961$ kips

PASS : Column is safe in axial loading

;

| 8" Exterior Pit Wall | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Minimum Flexural Reinforcement | | |
| ACI-350 Required | | Provided |
| 1. $0.003A_g$ | 0.288 in^2 (Total Vertical) | #5's @ 12" O.C. $A_s=0.31 \text{ in}^2$ |
| 2. $200 b_w d / f_y$ | 0.14 in^2 (Flexural Only) | |
| 3. $(3\sqrt{f'_c} / f_y) b_w d$ | 0.13 in^2 (Flexural Only) | |
| Minimum Shrinkage & Temperature Steel | | |
| ACI-350 Required | | Provided |
| 1. $0.005A_g$ | 0.48 in^2 (Total Horizontal) | #5's @ 7" O.C. $A_s=0.53 \text{ in}^2$ |
| 10" Pit Divide Wall | | |
| Minimum Flexural Reinforcement | | |
| ACI-350 Required | | Provided |
| 1. $0.003A_g$ | 0.36 in^2 (Total Vertical) | #5's @ 10" O.C. $A_s=0.37 \text{ in}^2$ |
| 2. $200 b_w d / f_y$ | 0.23 in^2 (Flexural Only) | |
| 3. $(3\sqrt{f'_c} / f_y) b_w d$ | 0.22 in^2 (Flexural Only) | |
| Minimum Shrinkage & Temperature Steel | | |
| ACI-350 Required | | Provided |
| 1. $0.005A_g$ | 0.6 in^2 (Total Horizontal) | #5's @ 6" O.C. $A_s=0.62 \text{ in}^2$ |
| 5" Pit Floor | | |
| ACI-350 Required | | Provided |
| 1. $0.005A_g$ | 0.3 in^2 | #4's @ 8" O.C. $A_s=0.3 \text{ in}^2$ |

Garbage Livestock - Rampart Lintel

- Loading - only floor load supported

- Tributary width = 5 ft
- Slat DL = 40 pcf \times 5 ft = 200 p/f
- Slat LL = 50 pcf \times 5 ft = 250 p/f

- Span of Lintel: 6 ft

- LRFD Load Combinations

- 1.4D: $1.4 \times 200 \text{ p/f} = 280 \text{ p/f} = 0.28 \text{ k/f}$
- 1.2D + 1.6L: $(1.2 \times 200 \text{ p/f}) + (1.6 \times 250 \text{ p/f}) = 640 \text{ p/f} = 0.64 \text{ k/f} \Rightarrow \text{Controls}$

- Design Moment

- $M_u = w_u x^2 / 8 = \frac{(0.64)(6)^2}{8} = 2.88 \text{ ft-k}$

- Angle Design (AISC F10)

- Angle braced by slat \Rightarrow no buckling checks
- Angle is compact \Rightarrow no leg buckling
- Angle Size: $4 \times 4 \times 1/4$
 - $F_y = 36 \text{ ksi}$
 - $A = 1.93 \text{ in}^2$
 - $S = 1.03 \text{ in}^3$

- Yielding Moment Capacity:

$$\phi M_n = \phi 1.5 F_y S_x$$
$$= 0.9 (1.5)(36)(1.03)$$

$$\phi M_n = 50.05 \text{ in-k} = 4.17 \text{ ft-k} > M_u$$